Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- (Cancelled)
- 2. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for driving a light emitting element in response to input data, the light emitting element caused to emit light by flowing a direct current, the apparatus comprising:

 a voltage source; and

 a switching section disposed between the voltage source and the light emitting element and controlled on a basis of the input data,

 wherein, when the switching section connects the voltage source to the light emitting element, a resistance value from an output end of the voltage source to a drive end of the light emitting element is smaller than an internal resistance value of the internal resistor of the light emitting element. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein and

 the voltage source has a negative feedback loop that negatively feeds back an output and amplifies a predetermined input voltage.
- (Currently Amended) The apparatus for driving a light emitting element, according to claim 2,
- wherein the voltage source has <u>a buffer amplifier and</u> a capacitance section at an output of the buffer amplifier; and

wherein the capacitance section of the voltage source has greater capacitance than the capacitance value of parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element, when being observed from the switching section.

4. (Cancelled)

- 5. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising an input side retaining section for retaining control voltage when controlling optical power at an input side of the a buffer amplifier amplifier of the voltage source.
 - 6-7. (Cancelled)

8. (0	Currently Amended) The apparatus according to Claim 7, An apparatus for
driving a laser el	ement as a light emitting element in response to input data, the apparatus
comprising:	
a	first voltage source for causing the laser element to be a forward biasing state
and generating a	first voltage that is lower than a threshold voltage of laser oscillation;
a	second voltage source for causing the laser element to be a forward biasing
state and generat	ing a second voltage that is larger than the threshold voltage of laser
oscillation; and	
a	switching section for changing between the first voltage source and the
second voltage so	ource on a basis of the input data and applying the changed voltage directly
to a drive end of	the laser element.
w	herein, (1) when the switching section connects the second voltage source to
the laser element	a resistance value from an output end of the second voltage source to the
drive end of the 1	aser element is smaller than the internal resistance value of the internal
resistor of the las	er element,
(2) the laser element is a surface emitting laser element,
w	nerein (3) the surface emitting laser element includes a plurality of light
emitting parts emitting a plurality of laser beams; and beams, and	
w	nerein (4) the first voltage is commonly applied to at least two of the light
emitting parts.	

9. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 6, An apparatus for		
driving a laser element as a light emitting element in response to input data, the apparatus		
comprising:		
a first voltage source for causing the laser element to be a forward biasing state		
and generating a first voltage that is lower than a threshold voltage of laser oscillation;		
a second voltage source for causing the laser element to be a forward biasing		
state and generating a second voltage that is larger than the threshold voltage of laser		
oscillation; and		
a switching section for changing between the first voltage source and the		
second voltage source on a basis of the input data and applying the changed voltage directly		
to a drive end of the laser element,		
wherein, (1) when the switching section connects the second voltage source to		
the laser element, a resistance value from an output end of the second voltage source to the		
drive end of the laser element is smaller than the internal resistance value of the internal		
resistor of the laser element,		
wherein-(2) at least latter of the first and second voltage sources has:		
a negative feedback amplifying circuit having a buffer amplifier for		
amplifying an input voltage, the circuit for feeding back an output signal of the buffer		
amplifier to lower impedance of output of the buffer amplifier; and		
a capacitance section which has a larger capacitance value than the		
capacitance of parasitic capacitance of the laser element when being observed from the		
switching section and is connected to an output side of the buffer amplifier, and		
wherein (3) a resistance value from the output of the buffer amplifier to the		
laser element is smaller than a differential resistance value of the laser element when the laser		
emits light.		

- 10. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising an input side retaining section for retaining control voltage when controlling optical power at an input side of the buffer amplifier.
- 11. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 10, further comprising a current supplying section for supplying a compensation current, which compensates a fluctuation of an output current of the negative feedback amplifying circuit due to changing of the switching section, to the drive end of the laser element.
- 12. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the current supplying section includes a current source and a second switching section for connecting the current source to the drive end of the laser element when the switching section changes to the second voltage source and for separating the current source from the drive end of the laser element when the switching section changes to the first voltage source.
 - 13. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 11,

wherein the current supplying section includes a current source having an MOS transistor and an MOS switch connected between the current source and the drive end of the laser element; and

wherein the MOS transistor of the current source and the MOS switch are formed of a dual gate MOS transistor.

14-27. (Canceled)

28. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:

An apparatus for driving a light emitting element in response to input data, the light emitting element caused to emit light by flowing a direct current, the apparatus comprising:

a voltage source;

a switching section disposed between the voltage source and the light emitting element and controlled on a basis of the input data; and

a compensating section for detecting terminal voltage of the light emitting element and compensating fluctuation in temperature of the light emitting element on a basis of the detected terminal voltage of the light emitting element, wherein

when the switching section connects the voltage source to the light emitting element, a resistance value from an output end of the voltage source to a drive end of the light emitting element is smaller than an internal resistance value of an internal resistor of the light emitting element.

- 29. (Canceled)
- 30. (Previously Presented) A system for driving light emitting elements, the system comprising:
- a plurality of apparatus for driving the light emitting elements in response to input data, the light emitting elements caused to emit light by flowing a direct current, the apparatus comprising:
 - a voltage source; and
- a switching section disposed between the voltage source and the light emitting element and controlled on a basis of the input data,
- a detecting section for detecting optical power of the plurality of light emitting elements; and
- a error amplifying section for comparing voltage corresponding to the detection result of the detecting section and a reference voltage to amplify the error therebetween:
- wherein, when the switching section connects the voltage source to the light emitting element, a resistance value from an output end of the voltage source to a drive end of the light emitting element is smaller than an internal resistance value of the internal resistor of the light emitting element:

wherein the switching section changes between an output voltage of the voltage source and a biasing voltage, to bias the light emitting element on a basis of the input data; and

wherein each of the plurality of apparatus for driving light emitting elements drives the light emitting element on a basis of outputs of the error amplifying section.

(Original) The system according to claim 30,
 wherein the error amplifying section includes:

an error amplifier inputted the detection result of the detecting section and the reference voltage; and

a plurality of negative feedback loops for negatively feeding back output of the error amplifier to inputs thereof, the negative feedback loops provided to corresponding number of the apparatuses for driving light emitting elements;

wherein each of the plurality of negative feedback loops includes:

a retaining section for retaining a voltage corresponding to the output voltage of the error amplifier when controlling the optical power of the light emitting elements; and a switching section connected to the retaining section in series;

wherein each of the plurality of apparatus for driving light emitting elements has an input side retaining section for retaining the retaining voltage of the corresponding retaining section in the plurality of negative feedback loops; and

wherein each of the plurality of apparatus for driving light emitting elements drives the light emitting element on a basis of the retaining voltage of the input side retaining section.

32-33. (Canceled)